

# Wild Card

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*Wilderness Report Card*

2004

*{First Session of the 108th Congress}*



The American Wilderness Coalition (AWC) seeks to protect America's last remaining wilderness areas and expand our National Wilderness Preservation System by providing complimentary resources and advocacy assistance to the many individuals and organizations involved in wilderness protection efforts at the local, state, regional, and national level.

The American Wilderness Coalition would like to personally thank leaders from the conservation community who served on this year's Wild Card Advisory Committee\*:

Ronni Egan, *Great Old Broads for Wilderness*; Michael Finkelstein, *Alaska Rainforest Campaign*; Sally Grimes, *Winter Wildlands Alliance*; Martin Heinrich, *Coalition for New Mexico Wilderness*; David Hodges, *Sky Island Alliance*; Don Hoffman, *Arizona Wilderness Coalition*; Liz Howell, *Wyoming Wilderness Association*; Kirk Johnson, *Friends of Allegheny Wilderness*; Suzanne Jones, *The Wilderness Society*; Matt Keller, *West Virginia Wilderness Coalition*; Leanne Klyza Link, *The Wildlands Project*; Aurah Landau, *Southeast Alaska Conservation Council*; John Leary, *Wild Washington Campaign*; Bill Marlett, *Oregon Natural Desert Association*; Heidi McIntosh, *Southern Utah Wilderness Alliance*; Mark Miller, *Virginia Wilderness Committee*; Brian Moore, *Alaska Wilderness League*; Shaaron Netherton, *Friends of Nevada Wilderness*; Jim Northup,

*Forest Watch*; Melissa Parker Lindsay, *Friends of the Boundary Waters Wilderness*; Mark Pearson, *San Juan Citizen's Alliance*; Carrie Sandstedt, *Sierra Club – Nevada*; Jim Scarantino, *New Mexico Wilderness Alliance*; Chris Soderstrom, *Alaska Coalition*; Dan Smuts, *The Wilderness Society*; Tom Uniak, *Washington Wilderness Coalition*; Ken Venables, *Utah Wilderness Coalition*; John Wallin, *Nevada Wilderness Project*; Matt Wasson, *Appalachian Voices*; Mary Wells, *California Wilderness Coalition*; Jeff Widen, *Colorado Environmental Coalition*; Jim Young, *Sierra Club – Cascade Chapter*.

The American Wilderness Coalition also thanks the following people who volunteered their time—and without whose help this year's Wild Card would have not been possible:

Marcia Argust, Tim Bristol, Sharon Buccino, Laurie Cooper, Bonnie Galvin, Marty Hayden, Scott Groene, Kevin Mack, John McComb, Craig Obey, Melinda Pierce, Maureen Rose, Kathryn Seck, Doug Scott, Vicki Simarano, Susan Whitmore

AMERICAN WILDERNESS COALITION BOARD MEMBERS:  
Rick Johnson (*Secretary*), William Meadows (*Treasurer*), Dan Ritzman, Becky Rom, Cindy Shogan (*Vice Chair*), Melyssa Watson (*Chair*), Larry Young, Carl Zichella.

*D.C. Representative*: Brad Kinder

**Special thanks also goes to Patagonia for their financial and moral support.**

\* *Organizational affiliation is listed for identification purposes only.*

Cover: Denali Highway, Alaska, Photograph courtesy of Getty Images  
Right: Assembly Hall Peak, Utah, Photograph courtesy of David Muench  
Maps: Courtesy of the USGS

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*Antietam National Battlefield, Maryland*

Photograph courtesy of Corbis

*The 2003 Wild Card is dedicated to Senator Paul Wellstone and Mardy Murie for the leadership, perseverance, and passion they brought to protecting America's beautiful lands, particularly their efforts to protect the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge.*

**MARGARET "MARDY" MURIE, 1902-2003**

Mardy Murie has been an inspiration and mentor for generations of wilderness advocates. She and her husband, Olaus Murie, changed the face of American land protection. As a young woman Mardy was an influential partner to Olaus as he directed The Wilderness Society and organized the American conservation community in support of what would become the Wilderness Act of 1964. In addition, the couple was instrumental in the creation of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge.

Mardy joined the Governing Council of The Wilderness Society and worked tirelessly to protect America's wild lands, including the creation of millions of acres of parks and refuges in Alaska with the passage of the Alaska National Interest Lands Act in 1980. Mardy's passion and determination for the protection of wild places has been honored with an impressive collection of awards, including the Presidential Medal of Freedom in 1998; the National Wildlife Federation's J.N. Ding Darling Conservationist of the Year award in 2002; and The Wilderness Society's Robert Marshall Conservation Award in 1996.

Mardy's death in 2003 is a loss to the wilderness movement that will be impossible to fill. However, her life and spirit endure in the wilderness that she passionately defended and in the inspiration she has provided for generations of wilderness advocates to come.

**SENATOR PAUL WELLSTONE, 1944 - 2002**

From his first days in the U.S. Senate, Paul Wellstone (D-MN) was a champion of wilderness. Shortly after taking office in 1991, Senator Wellstone challenged big oil companies and their supporters and successfully defended the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge from development. In 2002, when this critical wilderness issue re-emerged, Senator Wellstone was once again on the front lines successfully fighting big oil's attempts to drill in the Arctic Refuge. Senator Wellstone was also a strong advocate for protecting areas close to home. He supported protection of Minnesota's Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness and Voyageurs National Park, as well as other parks and wilderness areas, for future generations to enjoy.

Paul Wellstone earned the respect and admiration of many for his leadership in public lands conservation, and for the passion and courage that underlay his convictions and principles. Americans always knew that Senator Wellstone would defend our right to a healthy and protected landscape, clean water, and clean air.

Senator Wellstone's tragic death in 2002 was a huge loss for Minnesota and for this nation. The conservation community is honored to have known and worked side by side with this great wilderness leader.

# Welcome to Wild Card, A WILDERNESS REPORT CARD

January, 2004

The American Wilderness Coalition (AWC) is pleased to present the second edition of Wild Card, a Wilderness Report Card providing a comparative analysis of the votes and positions taken by all Members of Congress on current wilderness and public lands issues. In 2002, AWC released the first ever Wilderness Report Card. This publication has proven to be an important tool for wilderness advocates around the country as they work to build support for new wilderness protection, educate the public on their Members' positions on public lands issues, and influence national policies that affect wilderness. We hope this new Wild Card will be an equally valuable tool for wilderness advocates and a resource for the general public.

For our second Wild Card, the American Wilderness Coalition has researched and analyzed votes on, and cosponsorships of key wilderness-related legislation from the first session of the 108th Congress.

In addition, this year the American Wilderness Coalition has included a section designed to educate readers on the Bush administration's unprecedented assaults on our nation's remaining wild lands--including its advocacy for oil and gas exploration in our wildlife refuges, its proposed changes to gut the Roadless Area

Conservation Rule, and the administration's "no more wilderness" policy.

AWC does not endorse candidates for public office, and nothing in this report is intended to support or oppose any candidate.

The American Wilderness Coalition seeks to protect America's last remaining wilderness areas and to expand our National Wilderness Preservation System by supporting the work of individuals and organizations that are advocating for wilderness protection around the country.

I would personally like to thank the Board, the Wild Card Advisory Committee, and the numerous individuals from the conservation community who volunteered their time to create this Wild Card. We hope this report will help to educate the American public about decisions by Members of Congress relating to the protection of our country's public land and wilderness areas.

Regards,



Melyssa Watson, Chair  
AMERICAN WILDERNESS COALITION

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

2	Overview
2	Explanation of Grading
3	Highlights
4	The Bush Administration Record
8	United States Senate Votes and Cosponsorships
10	Senate Charts
15	House of Representatives Votes and Cosponsorships
19	House of Representatives Charts
35	Addendum A: Current Status of Wilderness Bills in the 108th Congress
37	Addendum B: Wilderness Legislation in the 108th Congress
38	Addendum C: Sponsors/Champions of Wilderness Legislation

*Dragontail Peak, Washington*

Photograph courtesy of Jeff Widen

## OVERVIEW

Today, there are designated wilderness areas in all but six of our 50 states, encompassing 106 million acres of federal public lands that together make up our National Wilderness Preservation System. As we approach the 40th anniversary of the Wilderness Act on September 3, 2004, we celebrate this proud legacy of wilderness protection from which future generations of Americans will benefit. But as we celebrate the accomplishments of the past we

must also address the ongoing threats facing our country's remaining unprotected wild lands and potential wilderness areas.

Due to the pressures of oil and gas development, mining, logging, and other extractive industries, America's public lands are being put on the chopping block by the Bush administration and pro-drilling interests in Congress. Our nation's wilderness is threatened as never before.

The American Wilderness Coalition was established in January 2001 to support the efforts of wilderness advocates and organizations nationwide that are working to protect America's last remaining wild places. AWC created Wild Card, a Wilderness Report Card, to educate conservation leaders and the American public about how their representatives have voted to protect our country's natural treasures, particularly existing and potential wilderness.

## EXPLANATION OF GRADING

AWC has given each Member of Congress a grade based on his or her position on protecting America's public lands and wilderness in the first half of the 108th Congress. This grade is determined by whether the Member chose the pro-wilderness or the anti-wilderness position on votes and cosponsorships pertaining to wilderness and public lands. The pro-wilderness position is indicated in each of the vote and cosponsorship descriptions. In addition, the American Wilderness Coalition is giving President Bush and his administration a grade to rate their performance as stewards of our nation's wild lands.

In the Senate, three votes and one cosponsorship determine each Senator's grade. Due to the national significance of the issue of drilling for oil in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, the vote entitled "Arctic Drilling" is weighted twice as much as a single vote. Cosponsorship

of America's Red Rock Wilderness Act moves the Senator's grade up or down by a "plus" or a "minus" depending on his or her cosponsorship position. Finally, as the vote on drilling for oil in the Arctic Refuge is a more accurate indicator of a Senator's position, cosponsorship of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge wilderness bill is not factored in the grade and shown for informational purposes only.

In the House, the Representative's position on eight votes and three cosponsorships determine his or her grade. As in the Senate, due to the national significance of the issue of drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, the vote entitled "Arctic Drilling II" is weighted twice as much as a single vote. In addition, cosponsorships are weighted equal to votes. However, as the vote on oil drilling in the Arctic Refuge is a more accurate indicator of a Representative's

position, cosponsorship of the Arctic Wildlife wilderness bill is not factored in the grade and shown for informational purposes only.

In both the Senate and the House, "extra credit" for wilderness leadership was awarded to Members who have sponsored positive wilderness legislation in the 108th Congress or who sponsored wilderness bills passed into law in the 107th Congress. Further, Members who offered key amendments or otherwise distinguished themselves received extra credit for their wilderness leadership. In these cases, the Member's grade has gone up by one letter grade. The extra credit recognizes leaders who have demonstrated extra effort to protect America's wilderness. An A+ is only awarded to Members that received "extra credit".

## HIGHLIGHTS

- 39 Senators received a failing grade; 19 received an A or A+.
- In the House of Representatives, 213 received a failing grade; 156 received an A or A+.
- Of the 535 Members of Congress graded, only 23 earned an A+, seven in the Senate, 16 in the House

WILD CARD				
<i>United States Senate</i>				
Grade	D	I	R	Total
A+	7	–	–	7
A	12	–	–	12
A-	14	1	2	17
B+	1	–	–	1
B-	9	–	2	11
C-	1	–	4	5
D-	2	–	6	8
F	2	–	37	39
<b>Total</b>	48	1	51	100

WILD CARD				
<i>House of Representatives</i>				
Grade	D	I	R	Total
A+	15	–	1	16
A	135	1	4	140
B	14	–	6	20
C	19	–	5	24
D	12	–	10	22
F	10	–	203	213
Delegates*	5	–	–	5
<b>Total</b>	210	1	229	440

\* Delegates cannot vote and thus are not eligible for a grade

*The American Wilderness Coalition would like to recognize the 23 Members of Congress who received an A+ and showed true leadership in protecting America's wilderness.*

**SENATE:** Barbara Boxer (CA), Joseph Lieberman (CT), Richard Durbin (IL), Jeff Bingaman (NM), Harry Reid (NV), Patty Murray (WA), Maria Cantwell (WA)

**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:** Mike Thompson (CA01), George Miller (CA07), Sam Farr (CA17), Hilda Solis (CA32), Diana DeGette (CO01), Mark Udall (CO02), Rosa DeLauro (CT03), Chris Shays (CT04), Edward Markey (MA07), Rush Holt (NJ12), Tom Udall (NM03), Carolyn Maloney (NY14), Maurice Hinchey (NY22), Peter DeFazio (OR04), Jay Inslee (WA01) and Rick Larsen (WA02).

*Paria Canyon, Vermillion Cliffs Wilderness, Arizona*

Photograph courtesy of Jeff Widen

## **Wild Card gives the Bush administration an “F” for their unprecedented assaults on America’s wild places.**

In just three years, the George W. Bush administration has done more than any previous administration in U.S. history to dismantle protections for America’s public lands and wilderness. From day one, President Bush and Vice-President Dick Cheney have elevated drilling, logging, and mining interests above public interests in managing America’s lands. Notably:

- Prohibited the consideration of wilderness even as an option in land use planning on BLM public lands
- Reduced or eliminated the role of the public in decisions about our public lands
- Repeatedly failed to protect wilderness values
- Asked the Supreme Court to stop the American people’s ability to go to court to protect wilderness

Virtually all the public land and wilderness management decisions made by the Bush administration to date have favored extractive industries and have been to the detriment of long-term protection of our country’s natural resources.

## **ALASKA**

- The Bush administration recommended no wilderness protection for millions of acres of Alaska’s Tongass National Forest. This 2002 decision is a clear example of the administration’s forest policy that is designed to benefit the timber industry. This decision came despite the fact that public opinion was overwhelmingly in favor of creating more wilderness in the Tongass; about 170,000 of 175,000 public comments to the U.S. Forest Service on the matter favored wilderness protection. The Tongass ruling could open wild and pristine old growth forest to logging.
- The Bush administration has relentlessly pushed to open the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to oil drilling, despite scientific research that shows drilling would be harmful to wildlife and the surrounding arctic ecosystem. U.S. Geological Survey scientists have estimated the Refuge would yield only six months’ worth of oil for the United States, which would not be available for ten years and would be insignificant in curbing the nation’s dependence on foreign oil.
- The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has proposed leasing 100 percent of the 9 million-acre Northwest Planning Area in America’s western Arctic, the National Petroleum Reserve – Alaska (NPR-A), for oil exploration. Existing protections for the environment

would be weakened, and no areas would be set aside to protect other values. The BLM ignored overwhelming public and scientific support for protecting this rich and diverse ecosystem. This area is the largest remaining unprotected pristine wilderness in the country.

## **ENERGY AND PUBLIC LANDS**

- Under Vice-President Dick Cheney’s and Energy Secretary Spencer Abraham’s leadership, the White House created an Energy Task Force to develop the nation’s energy policy. The task force consisted of more than 100 representatives from the energy industry and trade associations. The General Accounting Office sought to obtain documents from Vice President Cheney relating to the Energy Task Force, however, in an unprecedented move, the White House refused to provide any information. The White House energy policy was heavily influenced by oil companies that would personally profit from tax breaks and incentives they created. These same recommendations made by the White House’s covert Energy Task Force were used to create legislation in the Senate and the House of Representatives.
- The Bush administration’s lust for energy resources doesn’t end with Alaska’s Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. The administration is charging forward with plans to increase oil and



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gas production on our public lands, focusing on areas in the Rocky Mountain West including the Greater Yellowstone Ecosystem, much to the satisfaction of its friends in the oil and gas industry. The Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management are being pushed hard to expedite energy development, bypass environmental regulations, and weaken public participation.

#### NATIONAL FORESTS

- In June 2003, the Bush administration announced a proposal that would radically undermine the Roadless Area Conservation Rule by exempting the Tongass and Chugach National Forests in Alaska - fully one quarter of the lands protected by the Rule. The Rule – issued under the Clinton administration – bars virtually all road building and commercial logging on 58.5 million acres of remote and pristine forests. The proposal to remove protections from the rainforest in Alaska was initiated when the state of Alaska voluntarily dismissed a lawsuit against the Bush administration in what has become a pattern of using backroom out-of-court settlements to weaken wilderness protections
- The Bush administration has also signaled its intent to rewrite the full Roadless Rule in order to give Governors in the lower-48 states the ability to request exemptions from the Rule.

- The actions of the Bush administration run counter to promises made early in the Bush administration's tenure when Secretary of Agriculture Ann Veneman pledged to “uphold the Roadless Area Conservation Rule” (May 2001). Despite this promise, the administration has sought to gut the protections and have failed to defend the Rule in court. Most recently on November 13, the Bush administration filed a brief arguing that citizens of the United States have no right to defend the roadless rule, despite their own failure to do so.

#### NATIONAL MONUMENTS

- The Bush administration supports legislation that would virtually eliminate presidential authority to create new national monuments. This authority under the Antiquities Act has been widely used to initially protect a hundred million acres including such areas as parks and refuges in Alaska and the Grand Canyon.
- Currently the administration is developing land management plans for many of the national monuments that were designated under the Clinton administration. A 2003 directive from BLM Director Kathleen Clarke tells managers to expedite all oil and gas requests on BLM lands, which include a significant number of national monuments. Land managers are explicitly prohibited from considering wilderness as an option.

#### NATIONAL PARKS

America's national parks are underfunded, receiving unprecedented numbers of visitors, and breaking down from overuse. This dire situation could go from bad to worse as the Bush administration redirects millions of dollars from the National Park Service's repair and maintenance budget and pushes the agency to privatize 15 percent of its work force by next year.

- When President Bush campaigned for president in 2000, he promised to fix the National Park System's estimated \$4.9 billion maintenance backlog. Over the past three fiscal years President Bush has added only about \$363 million (total) in new funding to the agency's budget.
- The Bush administration reversed a Clinton-era decision that would have phased out snowmobile use in Wyoming's Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks and replaced them with more environmentally sound snow coaches. Instead, under Bush, the Park Service finalized a plan to allow continued snowmobile use in the two parks, despite acknowledging the adverse effects on wildlife, air quality, noise levels, and human health.

#### PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN LAND MANAGEMENT DECISIONS

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) is a landmark environmental statute that has protected America's natural heritage. For over 30 years, NEPA has provided an essential

tool in helping federal managers do their job. Specifically, NEPA requires federal agencies to study and disclose the environmental effects of their actions and to include the public in their decision-making.

The Bush Administration is acting to circumvent, rather than improve NEPA. For example:

- The House-passed Energy Bill (H.R. 6) would allow oil and gas companies to conduct their own NEPA analysis of proposed projects – and reimburse the companies for doing so. The bill offers no criteria to ensure that analyses would be unbiased and objective.
- The Administration's disingenuously named "Healthy Forests Initiative" waives NEPA for a broad category of logging projects including commercial logging, even in remote, wild, roadless areas of national forests.
- On February 20, 2003, the Administration signed into law the omnibus appropriations bill which contained language that requires federal land managers to renew grazing permits without first complying with NEPA's environmental review and public participation process.

#### WILDERNESS PROTECTION

- Interior Secretary Gale Norton has revoked existing protections for numerous wilderness-quality BLM lands, renounced the BLM's legal

authority for conducting new inventories and wilderness reviews of its lands in the lower 48 states, ceased consideration of public lands for wilderness protection in Alaska, and rescinded the BLM Wilderness Inventory and Study Procedures Handbook -- which outlined criteria for considering wilderness on a level playing field with other uses for public lands. This policy, issued on 9/23/03, formalizes a lawsuit settled secretly between Secretary Norton and Utah Governor Mike Leavitt in April 2003.

- Across the American West including Alaska, state and local governments are trying to exploit an obscure, long-repealed law to lay claim to thousands of miles of routes through some of this country's most precious national parks, national wildlife refuges, monuments, wilderness areas, and even private lands. This arcane statute -- which has the technical title of RS2477 -- could be used to punch dirt-bike trails and paved roads through millions of acres of existing and potential wilderness by asserting that old trails should be considered public rights-of-way. On January 6, 2003, Interior Secretary Norton issued new "disclaimer regulations" that revive and heighten this threat. The new rule is an incentive for states, counties, and special interests to file thousands of unsubstantiated road claims using the RS2477 loophole, as the federal government has declared its willingness to "disclaim" interest in the land and hand it over to

these entities. Sometimes they actually want to build roads; in other cases these state and local governments are simply seeking to disqualify areas as wilderness.

#### KEY PUBLIC LANDS APPOINTMENTS UNDER THE BUSH ADMINISTRATION

Top government positions with direct influence over public land management have been filled with enemies of wilderness. Here is a sampling of the individuals the Bush administration has put in charge of stewardship of our public lands and wilderness.

- **Interior Secretary, Gale Norton**

As the former lead attorney for the Mountain States Legal Foundation, Norton worked to weaken laws that required private landowners to adhere to environmental regulations. As Colorado's attorney general, she argued that the Endangered Species Act should be abolished. Norton currently oversees the management of more than 20 percent of the nation's public lands.

- **Deputy Interior Secretary, Stephen Griles**

Griles is a former lobbyist for the oil, gas, and mining industries. He continues to receive compensation from these past activities as he functions essentially as CEO of the Department of the Interior.

- **Assistant Attorney General for Environment and Natural Resources, Thomas Sansonetti**  
Sansonetti is in charge of enforcing all of the nation's environmental and natural resource laws, including management of our wild places. He has lobbied on behalf of mining operations and extractive industries seeking access to public lands. In and out of government he has consistently sided with industry, not the environment.

- **Agriculture Undersecretary, Mark Rey**

As a timber industry lobbyist for nearly 20 years, and an aide to Senators Frank Murkowski and Larry Craig working on forest legislation, Mark Rey knows exactly how to draft damaging legislation. He used these skills to produce policies that disguise logging as fire control. See the Senate (Protecting Communities from Wildfire) vote and House (Fire and Logging) votes in this Wild Card. He is an outspoken foe of the Roadless Rule, which would protect 58.5 million acres of wild areas in our National Forests.

- **Bureau of Land Management (BLM)**

- **Director, Kathleen Clarke**

Clarke is responsible for managing 261 million acres of land, primarily in the West and mineral leasing on all federally owned lands. Within the BLM, Clarke has directed staff to prioritize and expedite oil and gas develop-

ment on BLM lands. Before coming to the BLM she was director of the Utah Department of Natural Resources, where she was a favorite of the mining and oil industries. Before that Clarke worked for former Representative Jim Hansen (R-UT), a longtime outspoken foe of wilderness.

- **Secretary Norton's Special Assistant to Alaska, Camden Toohey**

Toohey advises the government on how to manage the 210 million acres of Interior Department lands in Alaska. Toohey was the executive director of Arctic Power, an organization that lobbies to open the Arctic Refuge to oil drilling.

- **Environmental Protection Agency Administrator, Mike Leavitt**

Previously as Utah's governor, Leavitt and Secretary of the Interior, Gale Norton, settled a lawsuit that removed interim protections for more than 2.6 million acres of potential wilderness in Utah and millions of additional acres throughout the West and Alaska.

These are just some of the pro-industry, anti-wilderness appointments made by the Bush administration. With these individuals in leadership positions, a historic assault on our nation's public lands and wilderness is underway.

# UNITED STATES SENATE VOTES AND COSPONSORSHIPS

## I. ARCTIC DRILLING

The Bush administration and its pro-drilling colleagues in Congress are determined to drill for oil in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. Proponents of drilling have pursued every avenue to open the Arctic Refuge's coastal plain. On 3/19/03, the Senate debated whether to count revenues from drilling in the Arctic Refuge as a part of the federal budget. If this assumption had remained in the budget resolution, it would have allowed consideration of opening the Arctic Refuge to drilling under "fast-track" procedures that would have been more difficult to defeat. Senators Barbara Boxer (D-CA) and Lincoln Chafee (R-RI) offered an amendment that removed this assumption from the Senate budget resolution. Due to the national significance of this vote and the issue of drilling in the Arctic Refuge, this vote is being counted twice. The amendment passed by a vote of 52-48. YES is the pro-wilderness vote. (Senate roll call vote 59)

## 2. ALASKA RAINFOREST LOGGING

Senator Ted Stevens (R-AK) included a provision in the Interior appropriations bill that would undermine the ability of citizens to file legal challenges to timber sales in the Tongass National Forest in Alaska, the nation's largest national forest. The language would restrict to just 30 days the time allowed to file challenges against approximately 40 timber sales, includ-

ing those in roadless areas. The language also interferes with the independence of the federal judiciary by forcing the Alaska District Federal Court to review lawsuits regarding these sales within 180 days.

On 9/23/03, Senator Barbara Boxer (D-CA) offered an amendment to remove this harmful rider. There was a motion introduced by Senator Stevens to "table" or set aside the amendment. The motion passed by a vote of 52-44. NO is the pro-wilderness vote. (Senate roll call vote 359)

## 3. PROTECTING COMMUNITIES FROM WILDFIRES

The Senate debated a version of a so-called "Healthy Forests" bill originally introduced by Representative Scott McInnis and passed in the House of Representatives. The Senate bill would allow the Forest Service to conduct large-scale, environmentally damaging logging projects by severely limiting the degree to which it had to consider their relative environmental impacts and alternatives to the proposed projects. It also eliminates the existing legal right of citizens to appeal Forest Service decisions on logging projects authorized by the bill. Furthermore, instead of focusing resources on protecting homes and communities at risk from wildfire, this bill could be applicable to 20 million acres of federal land that could be selected from virtually any of the lands managed by the Forest Service or the BLM.

On 10/30/03, Senator Boxer (D-CA) introduced an amendment to the so-called Healthy Forests bill that would have increased to 70 percent the minimum percentage of funds that were allocated for authorized hazardous fuel reduction projects in areas where communities were at most risk. The Boxer amendment was tabled or set aside by a vote of 61 to 34. NO is the pro-wilderness vote. (Senate roll call vote 424)

## 4. AMERICA'S RED ROCK WILDERNESS ACT (S. 639)

Senator Richard Durbin (D-IL) is the sponsor of America's Red Rock Wilderness Act. This bill would protect more than nine million acres of federal public lands in Utah. The publicly owned wild places of Utah, managed by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), are world renowned for their spectacular beauty, with deep, narrow red rock canyons, fantastic sandstone arches, tremendous open vistas, and wild rivers.

Utah's BLM wild lands provide homes to at least two dozen endangered or sensitive wildlife species, including the desert bighorn sheep, cougar, peregrine falcon, desert tortoise, and Bonneville cutthroat trout. They also protect some of the richest concentrations of prehistoric ruins in the world – left by America's ancient Anasazi and other cultures. Cosponsoring legislation to protect America's Red Rock Wilderness is the pro-wilderness position.

*For more information, visit*  
[WWW.SUWA.ORG](http://WWW.SUWA.ORG)

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#### 5. ARCTIC REFUGE WILDERNESS (S. 543)

Senator Joseph Lieberman (D-CT) is the sponsor of legislation to protect a portion of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge as wilderness. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service considers the 1.5 million acre coastal plain area to be the “biological heart” of the entire 19-million acre refuge. This area - where the oil industry wants to drill - is the center of wildlife activity in the Arctic Refuge and its most productive area. Each year the Porcupine (River) caribou herd migrate to the coastal plain to give birth and raise their young. The coastal plain is a critical part of our nation’s preeminent wilderness.

Nestled between the jagged peaks of the Brooks Range and the shores of the Arctic Ocean, the coastal plain – just 5 percent of Alaska’s North Slope – is the only fragment of America’s arctic coastline not already opened to oil exploration or drilling. United States Geological Survey scientists estimate that there is only enough oil in the Arctic Refuge to supply America’s energy needs for six months. And the oil companies themselves admit that the oil would not be available for at least ten years.

Cosponsoring this legislation is the pro-wilderness position. Since there was a vote by the full Senate on the issue of drilling in the Arctic Refuge, this position is included for informational purposes only.

*For more information, visit*  
WWW.ALASKAWILD.ORG

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#### *San Juan River, Northern New Mexico*

Photograph courtesy of Jeff Widen

# SENATE CHARTS

ALABAMA - GEORGIA

State / Party		Senator		Arctic Drilling	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Protecting Communities from Wildfires	America's Red Rock Wilderness (S.639)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (S.543)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
				Votes			Co-sponsorships			2002	2003
<b>ALABAMA</b>											
R	Shelby, Richard C.	-	-	-						F	F
R	Sessions, Jeff	-	-	-						D	F
<b>ALASKA</b>											
R	Stevens, Ted	-	-	-						F	F
R	Murkowski, Lisa A.	-	-	-							F
<b>ARIZONA</b>											
R	McCain, John	+	-	-						F	C-
R	Kyl, Jon L.	-	-	-						F	F
<b>ARKANSAS</b>											
D	Lincoln, Blanche	+	+	-						C	B-
D	Pryor, Mark	+	+	-							B-
<b>CALIFORNIA</b>											
D	Feinstein, Dianne	+	+	-						A	B-
D	Boxer, Barbara	+	+	+		x	x	✓		A	A+
<b>COLORADO</b>											
R	Campbell, Ben Nighthorse	-	-	-					✓	D	D-
R	Allard, Wayne A.	-	-	-						D	F
<b>CONNECTICUT</b>											
D	Dodd, Christopher J.	+	a	+			x			B	A-
D	Lieberman, Joseph I. (1)	+	a	a			x	✓		A+	A+
<b>DELAWARE</b>											
D	Biden, Joseph R.	+	+	+			x			A	A-
D	Carper, Thomas R.	+	+	+						C	A-
<b>FLORIDA</b>											
D	Graham, Bob	+	+	+			x			B	A-
D	Nelson, Bill	+	+	+						C	A-
<b>GEORGIA</b>											
D	Miller, Zell B.	-	-	-						F	F
R	Chambliss, Saxby	-	-	-							F

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
(1) Senators absent due to Presidential Campaign

# SENATE CHARTS

HAWAII - MARYLAND

State / Party	Senator	Aretic Drilling	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Protecting Communities from Wildfires	America's Red Rock Wilderness (S.639)	Aretic Refuge Wilderness (S.543)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
		Votes			Co-sponsorships			2002	2003
<b>HAWAII</b>									
D	Inouye, Daniel K.	-	-	+				C	<b>D-</b>
D	Akaka, Daniel K.	-	+	+				C	<b>C-</b>
<b>IDAHO</b>									
R	Craig, Larry	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
R	Crapo, Michael D.	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
<b>ILLINOIS</b>									
D	Durbin, Richard J.	+	+	+	x	x	✓	A+	<b>A+</b>
R	Fitzgerald, Peter G.	+	+	-				A	<b>B-</b>
<b>INDIANA</b>									
R	Lugar, Richard G.	-	-	-				D	<b>F</b>
D	Bayh, B. Evan	+	+	+	x			A	<b>A</b>
<b>IOWA</b>									
R	Grassley, Charles E.	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
D	Harkin, Tom	+	+	+	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
<b>KANSAS</b>									
R	Brownback, Sam	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
R	Roberts, Pat	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
<b>KENTUCKY</b>									
R	McConnell, Mitch	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
R	Bunning, Jim	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
<b>LOUISIANA</b>									
D	Breaux, John B.	-	-	+				D	<b>D-</b>
D	Landrieu, Mary L.	-	-	-				D	<b>F</b>
<b>MAINE</b>									
R	Snowe, Olympia J.	+	+	-			✓	C	<b>A-</b>
R	Collins, Susan M.	+	+	-				C	<b>B-</b>
<b>MARYLAND</b>									
D	Sarbanes, Paul S.	+	+	+		x		A	<b>A-</b>
D	Mikulski, Barbara A.	+	+	+				B	<b>A-</b>

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection

# SENATE CHARTS

MASSACHUSETTS - NEW JERSEY

State / Party	Senator	Arctic Drilling	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Protecting Communities from Wildfires	America's Red Rock Wilderness (S.639)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (S.543)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
		Votes			Co-sponsorships			2002	2003
<b>MASSACHUSETTS</b>									
D	Kennedy, Edward M.	+	+	+	x	x		A	A
D	Kerry, John F. (1)	+	a	a	x	x		A	A
<b>MICHIGAN</b>									
D	Levin, Carl	+	+	+				B	A-
D	Stabenow, Debbie	+	+	+	x	x		A	A
<b>MINNESOTA</b>									
D	Dayton, Mark	+	+	-		x		B	B-
R	Coleman, Norm	+	-	-					C-
<b>MISSISSIPPI</b>									
R	Cochran, Thad	-	-	-				F	F
R	Lott, Trent	-	-	-				F	F
<b>MISSOURI</b>									
R	Bond, Christopher S.	-	-	-				F	F
R	Talent, Jim	-	-	-					F
<b>MONTANA</b>									
D	Baucus, Max	+	+	-				C	B-
R	Burns, Conrad	-	-	-				F	F
<b>NEBRASKA</b>									
R	Hagel, Chuck	-	-	-				F	F
D	Nelson, E. Benjamin	+	-	a				D	B-
<b>NEVADA</b>									
D	Reid, Harry	+	+	+			✓	A	A+
R	Ensign, John	-	-	-			✓	F	D-
<b>NEW HAMPSHIRE</b>									
R	Gregg, Judd	-	-	+				F	D-
R	Sununu, John E.	-	-	-					F
<b>NEW JERSEY</b>									
D	Lautenberg, Frank	+	+	+	x	x			A
D	Corzine, Jon S.	+	+	+	x	x		A	A

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
(1) Senators absent due to Presidential Campaign



# SENATE CHARTS

## NEW MEXICO - SOUTH CAROLINA

State / Party	Senator	Arctic Drilling	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Protecting Communities from Wildfires	America's Red Rock Wilderness (S.639)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (S.543)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
		Votes			Co-sponsorships			2002	2003
NEW MEXICO									
R	Domenici, Pete V.	-	-	-			✓	F	<b>D-</b>
D	Bingaman, Jeff	+	+	+			✓	B	<b>A+</b>
NEW YORK									
D	Schumer, Charles E.	+	+	+	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
D	Clinton, Hillary Rodham	+	+	+	x	x		B	<b>A</b>
NORTH CAROLINA									
D	Edwards, John R. (1)	+	a	a		x		A	<b>A-</b>
R	Dole, Elizabeth	-	-	-					<b>F</b>
NORTH DAKOTA									
D	Conrad, Kent	+	+	+				B	<b>A-</b>
D	Dorgan, Byron L.	+	-	+				B	<b>B-</b>
OHIO									
R	DeWine, Mike	+	-	-				C	<b>C-</b>
R	Voinovich, George V.	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
OKLAHOMA									
R	Nickles, Don	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
R	Inhofe, James M.	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
OREGON									
D	Wyden, Ron	+	+	-	x	x		A	<b>B+</b>
R	Smith, Gordon H.	+	-	-				F	<b>C-</b>
PENNSYLVANIA									
R	Specter, Arlen	-	+	-				D	<b>D-</b>
R	Santorum, Richard J.	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>
RHODE ISLAND									
D	Reed, John F.	+	+	+	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
R	Chafee, Lincoln D.	+	+	-		x	✓	B	<b>A-</b>
SOUTH CAROLINA									
D	Hollings, Ernest F.	+	+	a				B	<b>A-</b>
R	Graham, Lindsey O.	-	-	-					<b>F</b>

### Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
(1) Senators absent due to Presidential Campaign

# SENATE CHARTS

## SOUTH DAKOTA - WYOMING

State / Party	Senator	Arctic Drilling	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Protecting Communities from Wildfires	America's Red Rock Wilderness (S.639)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (S.543)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
		Votes			Co-sponsorships			2002	2003
<b>SOUTH DAKOTA</b>									
D	Daschle, Thomas A.	+	+	-			✓	B	A-
D	Johnson, Tim P.	+	+	-				C	B-
<b>TENNESSEE</b>									
R	Frist, Bill	-	-	-				F	F
R	Alexander, Lamar	-	-	-					F
<b>TEXAS</b>									
R	Hutchison, Kay Bailey	-	-	-				F	F
R	Cornyn, John	-	-	-					F
<b>UTAH</b>									
R	Hatch, Orrin G.	-	-	-				F	F
R	Bennett, Robert F.	-	-	-				F	F
<b>VERMONT</b>									
D	Leahy, Patrick J.	+	+	+	x	x		A	A
I	Jeffords, James M.	+	+	+				B	A-
<b>VIRGINIA</b>									
R	Warner, John William	-	-	-			✓	D	D-
R	Allen, George F.	-	-	-				F	F
<b>WASHINGTON</b>									
D	Murray, Patty	+	+	+		x	✓	B	A+
D	Cantwell, Maria	+	+	+	x	x	✓	B	A+
<b>WEST VIRGINIA</b>									
D	Byrd, Robert C.	+	+	+				C	A-
D	Rocekfeller, John	+	+	-				B	B-
<b>WISCONSIN</b>									
D	Kohl, Herbert H.	+	+	+		x		B	A-
D	Feingold, Russ	+	+	+	x	x		A+	A
<b>WYOMING</b>									
R	Thomas, Craig	-	-	-				F	F
R	Enzi, Michael B.	-	-	-				F	F

### Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES VOTES AND COSPONSORSHIPS

## I. ALASKA RAINFOREST LOGGING

In 2002, the 107th Congress did not complete the 13 annual appropriations bills that collectively fund all government agencies and operations. They delayed these funding decisions until the 108th Congress by passing a series of continuing resolutions to keep the government running in the interim. The 2003 omnibus appropriations bill lumped together all of the individual funding bills that were left unfinished and provided Members of Congress an opportunity to attach special provisions and numerous anti-environmental riders, including one that limited opportunities for new wilderness in Alaska.

Senator Ted Stevens (R-AK) inserted language in the bill to block citizen appeals and judicial review of the court-ordered wilderness review for the Tongass National Forest that the Forest Service was in the process of completing. In the House on 2/13/2003, Representative David Obey (D-WI) made a motion to send the omnibus appropriations bill back to the conference committee with instructions to remove anti-environmental riders, including Senator Stevens's harmful provision that would prevent administrative or judicial review of the Tongass Land Management Plan. The motion was rejected by a vote of 193-226. YES is the pro-wilderness vote. (House roll call vote 31)

## 2. ARCTIC DRILLING I

In 2003, the House version of the Energy bill included provisions that would allow oil drilling in Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. To counter concerns that drilling on the coastal plain of the Arctic Refuge would cause irreparable damage, pro-drilling lawmakers argued that drilling development could be limited to 2,000 acres. However, the method of calculating the 2,000 acres did not require the production and support facilities to be in a contiguous area; it only addressed surface acreage covered by production and support facilities; and it excluded roads, gravel mines, and seismic exploration activities. The 2,000-acre figure is misleading and would forever destroy one of the most unique and pristine areas in America through a maze of oil development.

On 4/10/2003 Representative Heather Wilson (R-NM) offered an amendment to the House Energy Bill (H.R. 6) that purported to limit drilling in Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to 2,000 acres. The amendment passed by a vote of 226-202. NO is the pro-wilderness vote. (House roll call vote 134)

## 3. ARCTIC DRILLING II

The coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge is the last remaining stretch of America's Arctic coastline that is not already available for oil and gas leasing and development. Often referred to as "America's Serengeti," the coastal plain is the Arctic Refuge's biological heart. This

area is the nation's most important on-shore denning area for polar bears, serves as the principal calving ground of the migratory Porcupine (River) caribou herd, and provides breeding and nesting habitat for 160 bird species. In addition, the Native Gwich'in people – one of the world's few remaining subsistence cultures – depend on the caribou that use this area as their calving ground. The caribou are a key source of food, clothing, and medicine for the Gwich'in.

Despite the ecological and cultural significance of the coastal plain and the fact that U.S. Geological Survey scientists estimate that there may only be enough oil under the Arctic Refuge to supply America's needs for six months; the Bush administration's Energy Plan proposed development of the coastal plain, and the proposal was incorporated in the energy legislation taken to the House floor on 4/10/2003.

Representatives Ed Markey (D-MA) and Nancy Johnson (R-CT) offered an amendment to remove the entire section of the House Energy Bill that would allow for oil drilling on the coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. Due to the significance of this vote and national awareness of the issue of drilling in the Arctic Refuge, this vote is being counted twice. The Markey-Johnson amendment failed by a vote of 197-228. YES is the pro-wilderness vote. (House roll call vote 135)

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#### 4. FIRE AND LOGGING AMENDMENT

The Healthy Forests Restoration Act (H.R. 1904) sponsored by Representative Scott McInnis (R-CO) was introduced with the goal of reducing wildfire risk to homes and communities. However, the bill does little to make communities safer and is a major threat to environmental protection and public involvement in federal land management. Representative McInnis's bill guts the National Environmental Policy Act by allowing the Forest Service to conduct large-scale, environmentally damaging logging projects without considering any less environmentally harmful alternatives. It would eliminate the existing legal right of citizens to appeal logging projects authorized by the bill and attempts to tilt the scales of justice to favor federal bureaucrats. Furthermore, instead of focusing resources on protecting homes and communities at risk from wildfire, this bill could be applicable to 20 million acres of public land that could be located throughout virtually all National Forest and BLM lands.

To mitigate the harmful and devastating impacts of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act, on 5/20/2003 Representatives George Miller (D-CA) and Peter DeFazio (D-OR) offered an alternative approach that would have emphasized projects within a 1/2 mile of threatened communities, not undermine environmental standards for projects outside the 1/2 mile zone, and require that 85 percent of funding be used for areas close to

communities. It would also protect municipal water supplies, thereby protecting backcountry areas from logging and other projects in the name of fire reduction. The Miller-DeFazio amendment was defeated by a vote of 184-239. YES is the pro-wilderness vote. (House roll call vote 198)

#### 5. FIRE AND LOGGING FINAL PASSAGE

On 5/20/2003, the House voted for final passage of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act sponsored by Representatives Scott McInnis (R-CO) and Greg Walden (R-OR). As mentioned above, under the guise of "wild fire prevention," this bill will open national forests and public lands to additional logging by the timber industries. The bill passed the House by a vote of 256-170. NO is the pro-wilderness vote. (House roll call vote 200)

#### 6. CONSERVATION FUNDING

The Conservation Trust Fund is Congress's landmark 2000 commitment to secure dedicated funding for conservation, recreation, and wildlife preservation. It was designed to provide about \$2 billion per year to protect some of America's unique and valued qualities and to acquire lands to secure and complete our world-famous network of national parks, forests, wildlife refuges, and wilderness areas. This fund provides monies for conservation spending but requires yearly appropriations from Congress.

One of the most important spending priorities under the Conservation Trust Fund is the Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF). In 1964, LWCF was created by Congress to use federal revenues from offshore oil and gas receipts for the purchase of land and water to support the creation of national and community parks, forests, and wildlife refuges, and for the purchase of private inholdings (private land surrounded by public land) in wilderness areas. LWCF funding has been critical to purchasing inholdings in wilderness and making them part of the public estate for future generations to use and enjoy.

To restore some funding for the Conservation Trust Fund, Representative Obey (D-WI) planned to offer an amendment to the Interior appropriations bill that would have added \$570 million to the Land and Water Conservation Fund, Forest Legacy, and other priority conservation, wildlife, and recreation activities, with the money to come from amending the Bush tax cut to increase taxes on those with more than \$1 million in gross annual income. Because of the tax provisions, Representative Obey was prevented from even offering his amendment by a procedural 219-199 vote on 7/16/2003. NO is the pro-wilderness vote. (House roll call vote 371)

#### 7. ROADLESS AREAS

The Roadless Area Conservation Rule, put in place by President Clinton in 2001, included

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protections for approximately 58.5 million acres of roadless National Forest lands. Despite the overwhelming benefits and public support of the Roadless Rule, the Forest Service under the Bush administration is attempting to gut this rule and has refused to defend it in federal court.

To counter the Forest Service's efforts to undermine the Roadless Rule, on 7/17/2003 Representatives Jay Inslee (D-WA) and Sherwood Boehlert (R-NY) offered an amendment to the House Interior appropriations bill to retain the original Roadless Rule protecting 58.5 million acres of roadless national forest lands. Unfortunately, the amendment was defeated by a vote of 185 to 234. YES is the pro-wilderness vote. (House roll call vote 386)

#### 8. ROADS ON PUBLIC LANDS

In January of 2003, the Interior Department promulgated new federal regulations that threaten to allow an 1866 mining law, R.S. 2477, to be used to claim that abandoned trails and cow paths are actually "public highways" across national parks, monuments, and other public lands. Such claims could jeopardize wildlife and increase the threat of vandalism and damage to ancient fossil beds and Native American ruins, and make it easier for oil, gas, mining, and timber companies to dig, drill, and clearcut in places that should be protected.

To stop this assault on our nation's wild lands,

on 7/17/03 Representative Mark Udall (D-CO) offered an amendment to the House Interior appropriations bill that would have prohibited the use of federal funds to process claims asserted by special interest groups and local jurisdictions to thousands of miles of rights-of-way across unroaded federal lands.

To mitigate the impact of Representative Udall's pro-wilderness amendment, Representative Charlie Taylor (R-NC) offered a second-degree amendment that would limit the protections in the Udall amendment to just lands within a designated national monument, wilderness study area, national park, national wildlife refuge, or to lands within the National Wilderness Preservation System. While providing some protection, the Taylor amendment leaves 400 million acres, two-thirds of our public lands, vulnerable to the Bush administration's development and road building efforts. The Taylor amendment passed by a vote of 226 to 194. NO is the pro-wilderness vote. (House roll call vote 388)

#### 9. ALASKA FOREST WILDERNESS (H.R. 979)

The Alaska Rainforest Conservation Act of 2003 is sponsored by Representative Rosa DeLauro (D-CT). Alaska's Chugach National Forest, at 5.5 million acres, is the second largest national forest. At 99 percent roadless, it is the nation's wildest national forest, yet Congress has never designated a single acre of the Chugach as wil-

derness. Alaska's Tongass National Forest, at 17 million acres, is the nation's largest national forest. Its mist-shrouded rainforest is home to ancient trees, grizzly bears, and bald eagles that thrive in the vast and wild reaches of the forest. Wild and ancient runs of salmon return each year to the Tongass, feeding eagles, bears and other wildlife, and providing unexcelled commercial, sport, and subsistence fishing opportunities. Nearly a century ago, President Theodore Roosevelt created the Tongass and the Chugach National Forests. Today, Alaska's rainforest is considered the Amazon of North America, and the crown jewel of our National Forest System.

The Alaska Rainforest Conservation Act would permanently protect the remaining important wildlands of the Tongass and Chugach National Forests to provide for hunting, fishing, recreation, tourism, and traditional subsistence activities. Sustainable resource development could still continue in areas that already have logging roads and infrastructure.

The Alaska Rainforest Conservation Act has the support of over 400 Alaskan and national conservation, sporting, and religious groups. Cosponsoring this bill is the pro-wilderness position.

*For more information, visit*

[WWW.AKRAIN.ORG](http://WWW.AKRAIN.ORG)

#### 10. NORTHERN ROCKIES WILDERNESS (H.R. 1105)

The Northern Rockies Ecosystem Protection Act of 2003 is sponsored by Representatives Chris Shays (R-CT) and Carolyn Maloney (D-NY).

There are over 20 million acres of publicly owned wild lands that remain unprotected in an area defined as the Wild Rockies. Including areas in Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming, this is the only region in the lower 48 that still contains all species present at the time of the Lewis & Clark expedition. Populations of bison, bighorn sheep, grizzly bear, goshawk, elk, caribou, and mountain lion roam the region's temperate forests, alpine tundra, and desert canyons. Migratory salmon and native trout still journey over 900 miles from the Pacific to spawn in the region's high mountain tributaries. The five core areas within this region are linked through a network of biological corridors, a living web of mountain ranges and rivers. Cosponsoring this bill is the pro-wilderness position.

*For more information, visit*  
[WWW.WILDROCKIESALLIANCE.ORG](http://WWW.WILDROCKIESALLIANCE.ORG)

#### 11. AMERICA'S RED ROCK WILDERNESS (H.R. 1796)

Representative Maurice Hinchey (D-NY) is the sponsor of America's Red Rock Wilderness Act of 2003. This bill would protect more than nine million acres of federal public lands in Utah. The publicly owned wild places of Utah, managed

by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), are world-renowned for their spectacular beauty, with deep, narrow redrock canyons, fantastic sandstone arches, tremendous open vistas, and wild rivers. Utah's BLM wild lands are home to at least two dozen endangered or sensitive wildlife species including the desert bighorn sheep, cougar, peregrine falcon, desert tortoise, and Bonneville cutthroat trout. They also protect some of the world's richest concentrations of prehistoric ruins – left by ancient Anasazi and other cultures. Cosponsoring this bill is the pro-wilderness position.

*For more information, visit*  
[WWW.SUWA.ORG](http://WWW.SUWA.ORG)

#### 12. ARCTIC REFUGE WILDERNESS (H.R. 770)

The Morris K. Udall Arctic Wilderness Act of 2003 is sponsored by Representatives Edward Markey (D-MA) and Nancy Johnson (R-CT).

In the far northeast corner of Alaska lies one of America's great natural treasures, the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. It is considered the crown jewel of America's National Wildlife Refuge System. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service considers the 1.5 million-acre coastal plain area to be the "biological heart" of the entire 19-million acre refuge. This area – where the oil industry wants to drill – is the center of wildlife activity in the Arctic Refuge and its most

productive area. The coastal plain is a critical part of our nation's preeminent wilderness. This bill would permanently designate the coastal plain as wilderness.

Such a broad spectrum of diverse habitats occurring within a single protected unit is unparalleled in North America; earning the coastal plain the nickname of "America's Serengeti." This area is home to caribou, musk oxen, grizzly bears, wolves, wolverines, foxes, golden eagles, snowy owls, snow geese, and millions of other birds. More than 130 species of bird, from every state and five continents, migrate to the coastal plain. The Arctic Refuge supports more than just wildlife. For a thousand generations, the Gwich'in people of Northeast Alaska and Northwest Canada have depended upon the Porcupine (River) caribou herd (who migrate every year to the coastal plain to give birth to their calves) to sustain their culture and their way of life. To the Gwich'in people, the coastal plain is sacred ground. Cosponsoring this legislation is the pro-wilderness position.

Since there was a vote in the House on the issue of drilling in the Arctic Refuge, this position is included for informational purposes only.

*For more information, visit*  
[WWW.ALASKAWILD.ORG](http://WWW.ALASKAWILD.ORG)

# HOUSE CHARTS

ALABAMA - CALIFORNIA

State / District	Party	Representative	Votes								Co-sponsorships				2002	2003
			Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002
<b>ALABAMA</b>																
1	R	Bonner, Jo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						<b>F</b>
2	R	Everett, Terry	a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
3	R	Rogers, Michael D.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						<b>F</b>
4	R	Aderholt, Robert B.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
5	D	Cramer, Robert E.	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-					D	<b>F</b>
6	R	Bachus, Spencer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
7	D	Davis, Artur Genestre	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+						<b>C</b>
<b>ALASKA</b>																
AL	R	Young, Don	-	-	a	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
<b>AMERICAN SAMOA</b>																
AL	D	Faleomavaega, Eni F.H.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		x			*	*
<b>ARIZONA</b>																
1	R	Renzi, Richard G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						<b>F</b>
2	R	Franks, Trent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						<b>F</b>
3	R	Shadegg, John B.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>	
4	D	Pastor, Ed	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x		x	B	<b>A</b>
5	R	Hayworth, J. D.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
6	R	Flake, Jeff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
7	D	Grijalva, Raul M.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		<b>A</b>
8	R	Kolbe, Jim	-	-	-	-	-	a	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
<b>ARKANSAS</b>																
1	D	Berry, Marion	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-					D	<b>F</b>
2	D	Snyder, Vic	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				x	B	<b>B</b>
3	R	Boozman, John N.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					2	<b>F</b>
4	D	Ross, Mike	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
<b>CALIFORNIA</b>																
1	D	Thompson, Mike	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+		x	x	✓	B	<b>A+</b>
2	R	Herger, Wally	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
3	R	Ose, Doug	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
4	R	Doolittle, John T.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
5	D	Matsui, Robert T.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Delegates not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

CALIFORNIA

State / District	Party	Representative	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
			Votes							Co-sponsorships				2002	2003		
CALIFORNIA (CONTINUED)																	
6	D	Woolsey, Lynn C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
7	D	Miller, George	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A+	A+	
8	D	Pelosi, Nancy	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x				A	A	
9	D	Lee, Barbara	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
10	D	Tauscher, Ellen O.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
11	R	Pombo, Richard W.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
12	D	Lantos, Tom	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
13	D	Stark, Fortney Pete	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
14	D	Eshoo, Anna G.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
15	D	Honda, Michael M.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
16	D	Lofgren, Zoe	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
17	D	Farr, Sam	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A	A+	
18	D	Cardoza, Dennis A.	+	+	-	+	-	+	-							C	
19	R	Radanovich, George	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
20	D	Dooley, Calvin M.	+	-	-	+	-	+	+						D	C	
21	R	Nunes, Devin	-	+	-	-	-	-	-							F	
22	R	Thomas, William M.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
23	D	Capps, Lois	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
24	R	Gallegly, Elton	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
25	R	McKeon, Howard P.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
26	R	Dreier, David	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
27	D	Sherman, Brad	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		A	A	
28	D	Berman, Howard L.	+	+	+	+	+	a	a	x	x	x	x		A	A	
29	D	Schiff, Adam B.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
30	D	Waxman, Henry A.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
31	D	Becerra, Xavier	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		A	B	
32	D	Solis, Hilda L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A	A+	
33	D	Watson, Diane E.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		B	A	
34	D	Roybal-Allard, Lucille	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
35	D	Waters, Maxine	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		A	A	
36	D	Harman, Jane	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		A	B	
37	D	Millender-McDonald, Juanita	+	+	+	+	+	a	a	a	x	x	x	x	A	A	
38	D	Napolitano, Grace F.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
39	D	Sanchez, Linda T.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x			A	

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election



# HOUSE CHARTS

## CALIFORNIA - DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

State / District	Party	Representative	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003	
			Votes							Co-sponsorship							2002	2003
CALIFORNIA (CONTINUED)																		
40	R	Royce, Edward R.	-	-	-	-	-	a	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
41	R	Lewis, Jerry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
42	R	Miller, Gary G.	-	-	-	a	a	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
43	D	Baca, Joe	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	x					C	<b>C</b>	
44	R	Calvert, Ken	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
45	R	Bono, Mary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
46	R	Rohrabacher, Dana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
47	D	Sanchez, Loretta	a	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>	
48	R	Cox, Christopher	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
49	R	Issa, Darrell E.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
50	R	Cunningham, Randy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
51	D	Filner, Bob	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>	
52	R	Hunter, Duncan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
53	D	Davis, Susan A.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>	
COLORADO																		
1	D	DeGette, Diana	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x	✓	A+	<b>A+</b>	
2	D	Udall, Mark	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A+	<b>A+</b>	
3	R	McInnis, Scott	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						D	<b>F</b>	
4	R	Musgrave, Marilyn N.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							<b>F</b>	
5	R	Hefley, Joel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
6	R	Taneredo, Thomas G.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
7	R	Beauprez, Bob	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							<b>F</b>	
CONNECTICUT																		
1	D	Larson, John B.	+	+	+	a	+	+	+	+		x	x			B	<b>A</b>	
2	R	Simmons, Rob	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+			x			B	<b>B</b>	
3	D	DeLauro, Rosa L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A+	<b>A+</b>	
4	R	Shays, Christopher	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A+	<b>A+</b>	
5	R	Johnson, Nancy L.	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A	<b>A</b>	
DELAWARE																		
AL	R	Castle, Michael N.	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	-		x				C	<b>C</b>	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA																		
AL	D	Norton, Eleanor Holmes	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	x	x	x	x		*	*	

### Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

FLORIDIA - GEORGIA

State / District	Party	Representative	Votes										Co-sponsorships				2002	2003	
			Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003		
FLORIDA																			
1	R	Miller, Jefferson B.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						2	<b>F</b>	
2	D	Boyd, Allen	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-						D	<b>F</b>	
3	D	Brown, Corrine	+	+	+	+	+	a	+	+	x	x	x	x			A	<b>A</b>	
4	R	Crenshaw, Ander	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
5	R	Brown-Waite, Virginia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								<b>F</b>	
6	R	Stearns, Cliff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
7	R	Mica, John L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
8	R	Keller, Ric	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
9	R	Bilirakis, Michael	-	-	-	-	a	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
10	R	Young, C. W.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
11	D	Davis, Jim	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x		x			B	<b>A</b>	
12	R	Putnam, Adam H.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
13	R	Harris, Katherine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								<b>F</b>	
14	R	Goss, Porter J.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
15	R	Weldon, Dave	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
16	R	Foley, Mark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							D	<b>F</b>	
17	D	Meeke, Kendrick B.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								<b>B</b>	
18	R	Ros-Lehtinen, Ileana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
19	D	Wexler, Robert	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x			A	<b>A</b>	
20	D	Deutsch, Peter	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x			A	<b>A</b>	
21	R	Diaz-Balart, Lincoln	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
22	R	Shaw, E. Clay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
23	D	Hastings, Alcee L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x			B	<b>A</b>	
24	R	Feeney, Tom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								<b>F</b>	
25	R	Diaz-Balart, Mario	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								<b>F</b>	
GEORGIA																			
1	R	Kingston, Jack	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								F	<b>F</b>
2	D	Bishop, Sanford D.	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+							C	<b>D</b>
3	D	Marshall, James C.	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	+									<b>C</b>
4	D	Majette, Denise L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									<b>B</b>
5	D	Lewis, John	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x			A	<b>A</b>	
6	R	Isakson, Johnny	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
7	R	Linder, John	a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	
8	R	Collins, Mac	a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>	

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

GEORGIA - ILLINOIS

State / District	Party	Representative	Votes								Co-sponsorship				2002	2003	
			Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
<b>GEORGIA (CONTINUED)</b>																	
9	R	Norwood, Charlie	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
10	R	Deal, Nathan	-	-	-	-	-	a	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
11	R	Gingrey, J. Phillip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						<b>F</b>	
12	R	Burns, Max	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						<b>F</b>	
13	D	Scott, David A.	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+						<b>C</b>	
<b>GUAM</b>																	
AL	D	Bordallo, Madeleine Z.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*							*
<b>HAWAII</b>																	
1	D	Abercrombie, Neil	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+					B	<b>C</b>	
2	D	Case, Ed	+	+	+	a	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		<b>A</b>	
<b>IDAHO</b>																	
1	R	Otter, C. L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
2	R	Simpson, Michael K.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
<b>ILLINOIS</b>																	
1	D	Rush, Bobby L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>	
2	D	Jackson, Jesse L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>	
3	D	Lipinski, William O.	a	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x		C	<b>A</b>	
4	D	Gutierrez, Luis V.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>	
5	D	Emanuel, Rahm I.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			x			<b>A</b>	
6	R	Hyde, Henry J.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
7	D	Davis, Danny K.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>	
8	R	Crane, Philip M.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
9	D	Schakowsky, Janice D.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>	
10	R	Kirk, Mark Steven	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+		x	x		B	<b>B</b>	
11	R	Weller, Jerry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
12	D	Costello, Jerry F.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	B	<b>A</b>	
13	R	Biggert, Judy	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-			x		F	<b>F</b>	
14	R	Hastert, J. Dennis	-	S	S	S	S	S	S	S					F	<b>F</b>	
15	R	Johnson, Timothy V.	-	+	+	+	+	a	+	+		x	x		B	<b>A</b>	
16	R	Manzullo, Donald A.	-	-	-	a	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
17	D	Evans, Lane	+	+	+	+	+	+	a	a	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>	
18	R	LaHood, Ray	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					D	<b>F</b>	

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

S Speaker of the House  
(Does not usually vote)

# HOUSE CHARTS

ILLINOIS - LOUISIANA

State / District	Party	Representative	Votes										Co-sponsorships				2002	2003
			Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003	
ILLINOIS (CONTINUED)																		
19	R	Shimkus, John	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
INDIANA																		
1	D	Visclosky, Peter J.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		B	<b>B</b>
2	R	Chocola, Joseph C.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			<b>F</b>
3	R	Souder, Mark E.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		F	<b>F</b>
4	R	Buyer, Steve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		F	<b>F</b>
5	R	Burton, Dan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		F	<b>F</b>
6	R	Pence, Mike	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		F	<b>F</b>
7	D	Carson, Julia	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>
8	R	Hostettler, John N.	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
9	D	Hill, Baron P.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			x	x	C	<b>A</b>
IOWA																		
1	R	Nussle, Jim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
2	R	Leach, James A.	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
3	D	Boswell, Leonard L.	+	+	+	a	a	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	B	<b>C</b>
4	R	Latham, Tom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
5	R	King, Steven A.	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		<b>F</b>
KANSAS																		
1	R	Moran, Jerry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
2	R	Ryun, Jim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
3	D	Moore, Dennis	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
4	R	Tiahrt, Todd	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
KENTUCKY																		
1	R	Whitfield, Ed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
2	R	Lewis, Ron	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
3	R	Northup, Anne M.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
4	D	Lucas, Ken	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	C	<b>D</b>
5	R	Rogers, Harold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
6	R	Fletcher, Ernie	-	-	-	-	-	-	a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>
LOUISIANA																		
1	R	Vitter, David	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	<b>F</b>

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

LOUISIANA - MICHIGAN

State / District	Party	Representative	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
			Votes							Co-sponsorship						2002	2003
<b>LOUISIANA (CONTINUED)</b>																	
2	D	Jefferson, William J.	+	+	-	+	+	a	a	a		x	x			B	<b>B</b>
3	R	Tauzin, W. J.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
4	R	McCrery, Jim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
5	D	Alexander, Rodney	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-							<b>D</b>
6	R	Baker, Richard H.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
7	D	John, Christopher	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-						D	<b>F</b>
<b>MAINE</b>																	
1	D	Allen, Thomas H.	a	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
2	D	Michaud, Michael H	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	x	x	x	x			<b>A</b>
<b>MARYLAND</b>																	
1	R	Gilchrest, Wayne T.	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-			x			D	<b>D</b>
2	D	Ruppersberger, C.A.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							<b>B</b>
3	D	Cardin, Benjamin L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
4	D	Wynn, Albert Russell	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x			A	<b>A</b>
5	D	Hoyer, Steny H.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x				B	<b>A</b>
6	R	Bartlett, Roscoe G.	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>D</b>
7	D	Cummings, Elijah E.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
8	D	Van Hollen, Christopher	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x			<b>A</b>
<b>MASSACHUSETTS</b>																	
1	D	Olver, John W.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
2	D	Neal, Richard E.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
3	D	McGovern, James P.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
4	D	Frank, Barney	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
5	D	Meehan, Martin T.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
6	D	Tierney, John F.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
7	D	Markey, Edward J.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A+	<b>A+</b>
8	D	Capuano, Michael E.	a	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x			A	<b>A</b>
9	D	Lynch, Stephen F.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		2	<b>A</b>
10	D	Delahunt, William D.	+	a	+	+	a	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
<b>MICHIGAN</b>																	
1	D	Stupak, Bart	+	+	+	a	a	+	-	+						C	<b>C</b>
2	R	Hoekstra, Peter	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>

## Key to Votes

- + Pro-Wilderness vote
- Anti-Wilderness vote
- a Absent (Does not count against)
- x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation
- ✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection
- \* Not eligible to vote
- 2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

MICHIGAN - MISSOURI

State / District	Party	Representative	Votes										Co-sponsorships				2002	2003
			Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003	
MICHIGAN (CONTINUED)																		
3	R	Ehlers, Vernon J.	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-						B	<b>D</b>	
4	R	Camp, Dave	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
5	D	Kildee, Dale E.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>		
6	R	Upton, Fred	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-					D	<b>F</b>		
7	R	Smith, Nick	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>		
8	R	Rogers, Mike	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>		
9	R	Knollenberg, Joe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>		
10	R	Miller, Candice S.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						<b>F</b>		
11	R	McCotter, Thaddeus G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						<b>F</b>		
12	D	Levin, Sander M.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>		
13	D	Kilpatrick, Carolyn C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x		A	<b>A</b>		
14	D	Conyers, John	+	+	+	a	a	+	+	+	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>		
15	D	Dingell, John D.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					B	<b>B</b>		
MINNESOTA																		
1	R	Gutknecht, Gil	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
2	R	Kline, John Paul	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							<b>F</b>	
3	R	Ramstad, Jim	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+					B	<b>C</b>		
4	D	McCollum, Betty	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>		
5	D	Sabo, Martin Olav	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>		
6	R	Kennedy, Mark R.	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-					D	<b>F</b>		
7	D	Peterson, Collin C.	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-			x		C	<b>D</b>		
8	D	Oberstar, James L.	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+					C	<b>C</b>		
MISSISSIPPI																		
1	R	Wicker, Roger F.	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>	
2	D	Thompson, Bennie G.	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	x	x	x		B	<b>C</b>		
3	R	Pickering, Charles W.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>		
4	D	Taylor, Gene	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-		x			D	<b>D</b>		
MISSOURI																		
1	D	Clay, William Lacy	+	+	a	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>		
2	R	Akin, W. Todd	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>		
3	D	Gephardt, Richard A.	+	a	a	a	a	a	a	a			x		B	<b>D</b>		
4	D	Skelton, Ike	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+					D	<b>D</b>		

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

MISSOURI - NEW JERSEY

State / District	Party	Representative	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
<b>MISSOURI (CONTINUED)</b>			<i>Votes</i>										<i>Co-sponsorship</i>		2002	2003	
5	D	McCarthy, Karen	+	a	a	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A
6	R	Graves, Sam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F
7	R	Blunt, Roy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F
8	R	Emerson, Jo Ann	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F
9	R	Hulshof, Kenny C.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F
<b>MONTANA</b>																	
AL	R	Rehberg, Dennis R.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F
<b>NEBRASKA</b>																	
1	R	Bereuter, Doug	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F
2	R	Terry, Lee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F
3	R	Osborne, Tom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F
<b>NEVADA</b>																	
1	D	Berkley, Shelley	+	+	+	+	+	a	a	a		x	x	x		A	A
2	R	Gibbons, Jim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				✓		F	D
3	R	Porter, Jon C.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F
<b>NEW HAMPSHIRE</b>																	
1	R	Bradley, Joseph E	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-							D
2	R	Bass, Charles F.	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-			x			C	D
<b>NEW JERSEY</b>																	
1	D	Andrews, Robert E.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A
2	R	LoBiondo, Frank A.	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+		x	x			B	B
3	R	Saxton, Jim	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+		x				B	B
4	R	Smith, Christopher H.	a	+	+	+	+	-	+	+		x	x	x		A+	A
5	R	Garrett, E. Scott	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-							F
6	D	Pallone, Frank	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A
7	R	Ferguson, Mike	a	+	+	+	+	a	a	a		x				B	B
8	D	Pascrell, Bill	a	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A
9	D	Rothman, Steven R.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A
10	D	Payne, Donald M.	a	+	+	+	+	a	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A
11	R	Frelinghuysen, Rodney P.	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-				x		B	D
12	D	Holt, Rush D.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A+	A+

## Key to Votes

- + Pro-Wilderness vote
- Anti-Wilderness vote
- a Absent (Does not count against)
- x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation
- ✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection
- \* Not eligible to vote
- 2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

NEW JERSEY - NEW YORK

State / District	Party	Representative	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003	
			Votes							Co-sponsorships				2002	2003			
NEW JERSEY (CONTINUED)																		
13	D	Menendez, Robert	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			x	x	x		A	A
NEW MEXICO																		
1	R	Wilson, Heather	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						✓	F	D
2	R	Pearce, Stevan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								F
3	D	Udall, Tom	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A	A+	
NEW YORK																		
1	D	Bishop, Timothy H.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x				A
2	D	Israel, Steve	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		B	A	
3	R	King, Peter T.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
4	D	McCarthy, Carolyn	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		A	A	
5	D	Ackerman, Gary L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
6	D	Meeks, Gregory W.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
7	D	Crowley, Joseph	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
8	D	Nadler, Jerrold	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
9	D	Weiner, Anthony D.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
10	D	Towns, Edolphus	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		A	A	
11	D	Owens, Major R.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	x	x	x	x		A	A	
12	D	Velazquez, Nydia M.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
13	R	Fossella, Vito	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
14	D	Maloney, Carolyn B.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A+	A+	
15	D	Rangel, Charles B.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
16	D	Serrano, Jose E.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
17	D	Engel, Eliot L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
18	D	Lowey, Nita M.	+	+	+	+	+	+	a	+	x	x	x	x		A	A	
19	R	Kelly, Sue W.	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	+		x				C	C	
20	R	Sweeney, John E.	-	-	+	-	-	-	a	-						F	F	
21	D	McNulty, Michael R.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		A	A	
22	D	Hinchey, Maurice D.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A+	A+	
23	R	McHugh, John M.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
24	R	Boehlert, Sherwood L.	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+		x		x	✓	B	B	
25	R	Walsh, James T.	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-		x				C	D	
26	R	Reynolds, Thomas M.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	
27	R	Quinn, Jack	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	F	

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election



# HOUSE CHARTS

NEW YORK - OHIO

State / District	Party	Representative	Votes								Co-sponsorship				2002	2003
			Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002
<b>NEW YORK (CONTINUED)</b>																
28	D	Slaughter, Louise McIntosh	a	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	A
29	R	Houghton, Amo	-	a	a	-	-	-	-	-		x			D	F
<b>NORTH CAROLINA</b>																
1	D	Ballance, Frank W.	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+			x	x		<b>B</b>
2	D	Etheridge, Bob	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+				x	B	<b>B</b>
3	R	Jones, Walter B.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
4	D	Price, David E.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	A
5	R	Burr, Richard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
6	R	Coble, Howard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
7	D	McIntyre, Mike	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+		x		B	<b>B</b>	
8	R	Hayes, Robin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>	
9	R	Myrick, Sue Wilkins	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>	
10	R	Ballenger, Cass	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>	
11	R	Taylor, Charles H.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				F	<b>F</b>	
12	D	Watt, Melvin L.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x		x	A	A
13	D	Miller, Ralph B.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A
<b>NORTH DAKOTA</b>																
AL	D	Pomeroy, Earl	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-					B	<b>C</b>
<b>OHIO</b>																
1	R	Chabot, Steve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
2	R	Portman, Rob	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
3	R	Turner, Michael R.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						<b>F</b>
4	R	Oxley, Michael G.	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
5	R	Gillmor, Paul E.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
6	D	Strickland, Ted	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+		x	x	B	A	
7	R	Hobson, David L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
8	R	Boehner, John A.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
9	D	Kaptur, Marcy	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x	B	A
10	D	Kucinich, Dennis J.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	A
11	D	Jones, Stephanie Tubbs	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	A
12	R	Tiberi, Patrick J.	a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>
13	D	Brown, Sherrod	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	A

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

OHIO - PENNSYLVANIA

State / District	Party	Representative	Votes										Co-sponsorships				2002	2003
			Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003	
OHIO (CONTINUED)																		
14	R	LaTourette, Steven C.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
15	R	Pryce, Deborah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
16	R	Regula, Ralph	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
17	D	Ryan, Timothy J.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x			A
18	R	Ney, Robert W.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	x				F	F
OKLAHOMA																		
1	R	Sullivan, John A.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
2	D	Carson, Brad	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	F	D
3	R	Lucas, Frank D.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
4	R	Cole, Tom	-	-	-	-	-	-	a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		F
5	R	Istook, Ernest J.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
OREGON																		
1	D	Wu, David	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x		x	x		A+	A
2	R	Walden, Greg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	D	F
3	D	Blumenauer, Earl	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A
4	D	DeFazio, Peter A.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x		x	x	✓	A+	A+
5	D	Hooley, Darlene	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A
PENNSYLVANIA																		
1	D	Brady, Robert A.	+	-	-	a	a	+	-	+	-	-	x	x			B	C
2	D	Fattah, Chaka	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	x	x	x		A	A
3	R	English, Phil	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
4	R	Hart, Melissa A.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
5	R	Peterson, John E.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
6	R	Gerlach, Jim	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-		C
7	R	Weldon, Curt	-	-	a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	D	F
8	R	Greenwood, James C.	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+		x				B	C
9	R	Shuster, William	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
10	R	Sherwood, Don	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	F	F
11	D	Kanjorski, Paul E.	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	C	C
12	D	Murtha, John P.	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	C	D
13	D	Hoeffel, Joseph M.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	A
14	D	Doyle, Michael F.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x				C	A

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

PENNSYLVANIA - TENNESSEE

State / District	Party	Representative	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
			Votes							Co-sponsorship				2002	2003		
<b>PENNSYLVANIA (CONTINUED)</b>																	
15	R	Toomey, Patrick J.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
16	R	Pitts, Joseph R.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
17	D	Holden, Tim	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	x	x				C	<b>B</b>
18	R	Murphy, Timothy F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							<b>F</b>
19	R	Platts, Todd Russell	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
<b>PUERTO RICO</b>																	
AL	D	Acevedo-Vilá, Aníbal	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*				x	✓	*	*
<b>RHODE ISLAND</b>																	
1	D	Kennedy, Patrick J.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
2	D	Langevin, James R.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
<b>SOUTH CAROLINA</b>																	
1	R	Brown, Henry E.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
2	R	Wilson, Addison Graves	a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						2	<b>F</b>
3	R	Barrett, J. Gresham	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							<b>F</b>
4	R	DeMint, Jim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
5	D	Spratt, John M.	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	x	x	x			B	<b>A</b>
6	D	Clyburn, James E.	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	x	x				B	<b>B</b>
<b>SOUTH DAKOTA</b>																	
AL	R	Janklow, William J.	-	-	-	-	-	a	a	a							<b>F</b>
<b>TENNESSEE</b>																	
1	R	Jenkins, William L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
2	R	Duncan, John J.	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
3	R	Wamp, Zach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
4	D	Davis, Lincoln	+	+	-	a	-	+	-	+		x					<b>C</b>
5	D	Cooper, James	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x				<b>A</b>
6	D	Gordon, Bart	+	+	+	+	-	+	a	+		x	x			C	<b>A</b>
7	R	Blackburn, Marsha W.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							<b>F</b>
8	D	Tanner, John S.	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-		x				D	<b>D</b>
9	D	Ford, Harold E.	+	a	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

TEXAS

State / District	Party	Representative	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
			Votes										Co-sponsorships			2002	2003
TEXAS																	
1	D	Sandlin, Max	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-						C	<b>D</b>
2	D	Turner, Jim	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-						C	<b>F</b>
3	R	Johnson, Sam	-	-	-	-	-	-	a	a						F	<b>F</b>
4	R	Hall, Ralph M.	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-						D	<b>F</b>
5	R	Hensarling, Thomas J.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							<b>F</b>
6	R	Barton, Joe	-	-	-	-	-	-	a	a						F	<b>F</b>
7	R	Culberson, John Abney	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
8	R	Brady, Kevin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
9	D	Lampson, Nick	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x				B	<b>A</b>
10	D	Doggett, Lloyd	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		B	<b>A</b>
11	D	Edwards, Chet	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-						C	<b>F</b>
12	R	Granger, Kay	-	-	-	-	-	-	a	a						F	<b>F</b>
13	R	Thornberry, Mac	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
14	R	Paul, Ron	-	a	a	-	+	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
15	D	Hinojosa, Ruben	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+						B	<b>C</b>
16	D	Reyes, Silvestre	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	-		x	x			B	<b>C</b>
17	D	Stenholm, Charles W.	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-						D	<b>F</b>
18	D	Jackson-Lee, Sheila	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x			B	<b>A</b>
19	R	Neugebauer, Robert (1)	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-							<b>F</b>
20	D	Gonzalez, Charles A.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x			B	<b>A</b>
21	R	Smith, Lamar S.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
22	R	DeLay, Tom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
23	R	Bonilla, Henry	-	-	-	-	-	-	a	a						F	<b>F</b>
24	D	Frost, Martin	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+		x	x			B	<b>A</b>
25	D	Bell, R. Christopher	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x				<b>A</b>
26	R	Burgess, Michael C.	-	-	-	-	-	-	a	a							<b>F</b>
27	D	Ortiz, Solomon P.	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-		x				D	<b>D</b>
28	D	Rodríguez, Ciro D.	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	x	x				B	<b>B</b>
29	D	Green, Gene	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+		x				C	<b>C</b>
30	D	Johnson, Eddie Bernice	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x	x		B	<b>A</b>
31	R	Carter, John R.	-	-	-	-	-	-	a	a							<b>F</b>
32	R	Sessions, Pete	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

1 Sworn in 6/5/2003 replacing Larry Combest

# HOUSE CHARTS

UTAH - WEST VIRGINIA

State / District	Party	Representative	Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003
			Votes								Co-sponsorship				2002	2003	
<b>UTAH</b>																	
1	R	Bishop, Robert W.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							<b>F</b>
2	D	Matheson, Jim	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+						B	<b>C</b>
3	R	Cannon, Chris	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
<b>VERMONT</b>																	
AL	I	Sanders, Bernard	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
<b>VIRGIN ISLANDS</b>																	
AL	D	Christensen, Donna M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		x	x	x			*
<b>VIRGINIA</b>																	
1	R	Davis, Jo Ann	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
2	R	Schrock, Edward L.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
3	D	Scott, Robert C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			x		B	<b>B</b>	
4	R	Forbes, James Randy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					2	<b>F</b>	
5	R	Goode, Virgil H.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					D	<b>F</b>	
6	R	Goodlatte, Bob	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
7	R	Cantor, Eric	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
8	D	Moran, James P.	+	+	a	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>	
9	D	Boucher, Rick	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x		x	x	A	<b>A</b>	
10	R	Wolf, Frank R.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
11	R	Davis, Thomas M.	-	-	+	a	-	-	-	-					D	<b>F</b>	
<b>WASHINGTON</b>																	
1	D	Inslee, Jay	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	✓	A+	<b>A+</b>
2	D	Larsen, Rick	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			x		✓	B	<b>A+</b>
3	D	Baird, Brian	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
4	R	Hastings, Doc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
5	R	Nethercutt, George R.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
6	D	Dicks, Norman D.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			x		A	<b>A</b>	
7	D	McDermott, Jim	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x	A	<b>A</b>	
8	R	Dunn, Jennifer	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-					F	<b>F</b>	
9	D	Smith, Adam	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x	x		B	<b>A</b>	
<b>WEST VIRGINIA</b>																	
1	D	Mollohan, Alan B.	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-						C	<b>F</b>

## Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

# HOUSE CHARTS

## WEST VIRGINIA - WYOMING

State / District	Party	Representative	Votes									Co-sponsorships					2002	2003
			Alaska Rainforest Logging	Arctic Drilling I	Arctic Drilling II	Fire and Logging Amendment	Fire and Logging Final Passage	Conservation Funding	Roadless Areas	Roads on Public Lands	Alaska Forest Wilderness (H.R.979)	Northern Rockies Wilderness (H.R.1105)	America's Red Rock Wilderness (H.R.1796)	Arctic Refuge Wilderness (H.R.770)	Leadership	Grade 2002	Grade 2003	
WEST VIRGINIA (CONTINUED)																		
2	R	Capito, Shelley Moore	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
3	D	Rahall, Nick J.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x					A	<b>A</b>
WISCONSIN																		
1	R	Ryan, Paul	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>
2	D	Baldwin, Tammy	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
3	D	Kind, Ron	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		x				B	<b>A</b>
4	D	Kleczka, Gerald D.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	x	x	x		A	<b>A</b>
5	R	Sensenbrenner, F. James	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-							F	<b>D</b>
6	R	Petri, Thomas E.	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-							D	<b>D</b>
7	D	Obey, David R.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				x	✓		B	<b>A</b>
8	R	Green, Mark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							F	<b>F</b>
WYOMING																		
AL	R	Cubin, Barbara	a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						F	<b>F</b>

### Key to Votes

+ Pro-Wilderness vote  
- Anti-Wilderness vote

a Absent (Does not count against)  
x Co-sponsor of Pro-Wilderness Legislation

✓ Extra Credit for Wilderness Protection  
\* Not eligible to vote

2 Special Election

## ADDENDUM A

### *Current Status of Wilderness bills / 108th Congress*

BILL	SPONSOR	STATE	DESCRIPTION	MOST RECENT ACTION	DETAILS
MORRIS K. UDALL ARCTIC WILDERNESS ACT	Markey Johnson (CT) Lieberman	AK	1,559,538 acres	2.13.03 Introduced in House 4.5.03 Hearing held in House 3.5.03 Introduced in Senate	H.R. 770 S. 543
ALASKA RAINFOREST CONSERVATION ACT	DeLauro	AK	5,791,100 acres wilderness; 236,000 acres wilderness study areas; 5,792,985 acres LUDII; 72,100 acres other. Total: 11,892,085 acres not including 1,124 mile of wild and scenic rivers.	2.27.03 Introduced	H.R. 979
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA COASTAL WILD HERITAGE WILDERNESS ACT	Thompson (CA) Boxer	CA	295,924 acres wilderness; 8,000 acres potential wilderness; Total: 302,924 acres not including 21 miles of wild and scenic river designations.	3.27.03 Introduced in House and Senate	H.R. 1501 S. 738
CALIFORNIA WILD HERITAGE WILDERNESS ACT	Boxer	CA	2,501,000 acres wilderness; 220,000 acres as wilderness study areas and other protective designations (9 areas); Total: 2,721,000 acres not including 440 miles of wild and scenic designations for 22 river segments.	8.1.03 Introduced	S. 1555
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA WILD HERITAGE AND WILD RIVERS ACT	Solis	CA	1,665,000 acres of wilderness; 28,991 acres Ancient Bristlecone Pine Forest; Total: 1,693,628 acres not including 305 miles of wild and scenic river designations.	10.16.03 Introduced	H.R. 3325
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA WILD HERITAGE AND WILD RIVERS ACT	Thompson (CA)	CA	827,934 acres of wilderness; 191,233 acres other protective designations; Total: 1,019,167 acres not including 135 miles of wild and scenic river designations.	10.16.03 Introduced	H.R. 3327

*continued*

## ADDENDUM A

### *Current Status of Wilderness bills / 108th Congress*

BILL	SPONSOR	STATE	DESCRIPTION	MOST RECENT ACTION	DETAILS
ROCKY MOUNTAIN NATIONAL PARK WILDERNESS ACT	Udall (CO)	CO	249,562 acres	2.5.03 Introduced	H.R. 640
COLORADO WILDERNESS ACT	DeGette	CO	1,587,786 acres	6.3.03 Introduced	H.R. 2305
NORTHERN ROCKIES ECOSYSTEM PROTECTION ACT	Shays	ID, MT, OR, WA, WY	20.57 million acres wilderness; 6.22 million acres other protective designations; Total: 26.79 million acres	3.5.03 Introduced	H.R. 1105
OJITO WILDERNESS ACT	Udall (NM) Bingaman	NM	10,903 acres	9.24.03 Introduced in House and Senate	H.R. 3176 S. 1649
CARRIBEAN NATIONAL FOREST WILDERNESS ACT	Acevedo-Vila	PR	10,000 acres	4.10.03 Introduced 7.24.03 Hearing held in the House	H.R. 1723
AMERICA'S RED ROCK WILDERNESS ACT	Hinchey Durbin	UT	9,314,000 acres	4.22.03 Introduced in the House 3.18.03 Introduced in the Senate	H.R. 1796 S. 639
WILD SKY WILDERNESS ACT	Larsen Murray	WA	106,000 acres	2.13.03 Introduced in House and Senate 11.24.03 Passed the Senate	H.R. 822 S. 391



## ADDENDUM B

### *Wilderness Legislation in the 107th Congress*

Below is a list of the wilderness legislation passed by the 107th Congress and signed into law by President Bush. The 107th Congress approved a total of four bills adding more than a half million acres of public land to the National Wilderness Preservation System.

#### CALIFORNIA

##### BIG SUR WILDERNESS

(PUBLIC LAW: 107-370)

The Big Sur Wilderness and Conservation Act of 2002 made significant additions to the Ventana, Silver Peak, and Pinnacles Wilderness Areas in California. In total, the measure added 56,880 acres of public land to the National Wilderness Preservation System. These areas are located in the Big Sur/Monterey congressional district represented by Congressman Sam Farr (D-CA) who sponsored the bill in the House. Senator Boxer (D-CA) sponsored the bill in the Senate. The measure was signed into law on December 19, 2002.

#### NEVADA

##### CLARK COUNTY CONSERVATION OF PUBLIC LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES ACT OF 2002

(PUBLIC LAW: 107-282)

This measure designated more than 452,000 acres of wilderness in southern Nevada's Clark County and multiplied by a factor of ten the amount of wilderness in southern Nevada. This bill also included provisions dealing with a range of recreation, development, and conservation issues on public lands in Nevada's Clark County. The measure was sponsored by Nevada Senators Harry Reid (D) and John Ensign (R) and in the House by Representative Jim Gibbons (R-NV). The bill was signed into law on November 6, 2002.

#### COLORADO

##### JAMES PEAK WILDERNESS AND PROTECTION AREA

(PUBLIC LAW: 107-216)

The bill designated the 14,000 acre James Peak Wilderness and adjacent "protection area" in the Arapaho and Roosevelt National Forests in Colorado. The bill also added 3,200 acres to the Indian Peaks Wilderness. This bill designates more of Colorado's spectacular high country to the National Wilderness Preservation System, including tundra, high mountain lakes, deep forests, and sparkling streams. The measure was sponsored in the House by Representative Mark Udall (D-CO) and in the Senate by Senator Ben Nighthorse Campbell (R-CO). The bill was signed into law on August 21, 2002.

#### SOUTH DAKOTA

##### BLACK ELK WILDERNESS ADDITION

(PUBLIC LAW: 107-206)

As part of the 2002 Emergency Supplemental Defense Appropriations Act, Congress approved a 3,600-acre addition to the existing Black Elk Wilderness in South Dakota. The wilderness addition was part of a larger settlement agreement included in the legislation allowing some fuel reduction treatments on approximately 8,000 acres of the 1.2 million-acre Black Hills National Forest, among other provisions.

*Near Telluride, Colorado*

Photograph courtesy of Jeff Widen

## ADDENDUM C

*Members Who Sponsored or Championed Wilderness Legislation or Amendments in the 108th Congress AND Members Who Sponsored Wilderness Legislation that Became Law in the 107th Congress*

### SENATE

**CA Barbara Boxer (D)** is the sponsor of the California Wild Heritage Act (S. 1555) that would designate 2.5 million acres of public lands as wilderness in California and add 440 miles of rivers to the federal Wild and Scenic Rivers System. In addition, she is the sponsor of the Northern California Coastal Wild Heritage Wilderness Act (S. 738), a bill that would protect more than 300,000 acres of wild lands and 21 miles of river (these lands are included in the California Wild Heritage Act). Senator Boxer sponsored an amendment to the Senate Budget Resolution that removed the assumption of revenues from drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. She led attempts to remove a rider in the Interior Appropriations bill that would make it impossible for citizens to challenge road building and logging plans in Alaska's Tongass National Forest.

**CO Ben Nighthorse Campbell (R)** was the sponsor of the James Peak Wilderness and Protection Area Act in the 107th Congress (PL 107-216). This bill designated the 14,000-acre James Peak Wilderness and adjacent "Protection Area" in the Arapaho-Roosevelt National Forests in Colorado. The bill also made a 3,200-acre addition to the Indian Peaks Wilderness.

**CT Joseph Lieberman (D)** is the sponsor of legislation to designate the 1.5 million-acre coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge as wilderness (S. 543).

**IL Richard Durbin (D)** is the sponsor of America's Red Rock Wilderness Act (S. 639), a bill that would designate as wilderness more than nine million acres of land managed by the Bureau of Land Management in Utah.

**ME Olympia Snowe (R)** was the lead author of a letter from Senate Republicans that supported protecting the Arctic Refuge. This group of moderate Republicans, organized by Senator Snowe, was crucial to the successful amendment that removed funding for drilling in the Arctic Refuge.

**NM Jeff Bingaman (D)** is the sponsor of the Ojito Wilderness Act (S. 1649), a bill that would designate the approximately 10,903-acre Ojito Wilderness northwest of Albuquerque. The measure would also allow certain adjacent land managed by the BLM to be taken into trust for the Pueblo of Zia to be managed in perpetuity as open space and subject to a number of conservation measures.

**NM Pete Domenici (R)** is the lead cosponsor of the Ojito Wilderness Act (S. 1649), a bill that would designate the approximately 10,903-acre Ojito Wilderness northwest of Albuquerque. The measure would also allow certain adjacent land managed by the BLM to be taken into trust for the Pueblo of Zia to be managed in perpetuity as open space and subject to a number of conservation measures.

**NV Harry Reid (D)** sponsored legislation in the 107th Congress called the Clark County Conservation of Public Land and Natural Resources Act of 2002 (PL 107-282). This bill designated more than 452,000 acres of wilderness in southern Nevada's Clark County. It also included provisions dealing with a range of recreation, development, and conservation issues on public lands in Nevada's Clark County.

**NV John Ensign (R)** was the lead cosponsor of legislation in the 107th Congress called the Clark County Conservation of Public Land and Natural Resources Act of 2002 (PL 107-282). This bill designated more than 452,000 acres of wilderness in southern Nevada's Clark County. It also included provisions dealing with a range of recreation, development, and conservation issues on public lands in Nevada's Clark County.

**RI Lincoln Chafee (R)** cosponsored an amendment to the Senate Budget Resolution that removed the assumption of revenues from drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge.

**SD Tom Daschle (D)** as Minority Leader, played a critical role in helping to bring wilderness issues to the floor of the Senate. His work and leadership specifically with the Arctic Refuge and the Tongass National Forest have helped to protect these areas from ongoing assaults.

**VA John Warner (R)** is the lead cosponsor of the Roadless Area Conservation Act (S. 1200), a bill that would ensure strong protection for America's remaining wild forests by codifying the Roadless Area Conservation Rule which would protect 58.5 million acres of national forest from logging and road construction.

**WA Maria Cantwell (D)** is the sponsor of the Roadless Area Conservation Act (S. 1200), a bill that would ensure strong protection for America's last remaining wild forests by codifying the Roadless Area Conservation Rule which would protect 58.5 million acres of national forests from logging and road construction. Senator Cantwell is also lead cosponsor of the Wild Sky Wilderness Act (S. 391), a bill that would designate 106,000 acres of wilderness in the Skykomish Valley in Washington's Mt. Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest.

**WA Patty Murray (D)** is the sponsor of the Wild Sky Wilderness Act (S. 391), a bill that would designate 106,000 acres of wilderness in the Skykomish Valley in Washington's Mt. Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest.

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

**CA Hilda Solis (D)** is the sponsor of the Southern California Wild Heritage Wilderness and Wild Rivers Act of 2003 (H.R. 3325), a bill that would offer protection for wilderness and wild rivers from the central Sierra Nevada to the Mexican border.

**CA Mike Thompson (D)** is the sponsor of the Northern California Wild Heritage Wilderness and Wild Rivers Act of 2003 (H.R. 3327), a bill that would offer protection for a broad array of wild lands and rivers from the central Sierra Nevada to the Oregon border. Thompson is also the sponsor for the Northern California Coastal Wild Heritage Wilderness Act (H.R. 1501), a bill that would protect more than 300,000 acres of wild lands and 21 miles of river in his congressional district.

**CA George Miller (D)** sponsored an amendment that would have mitigated many of the negative impacts of the so-called Healthy Forests Restoration Act (H.R. 1904).

**CA Sam Farr (D)** sponsored the Big Sur Wilderness and Conservation Act of 2002 (PL 107-370) in the 107th Congress. This bill added 56,880 acres of public land to the Ventana, Silver Peak, and Pinnacles Wilderness areas in California.

**CO Mark Udall (D)** is the sponsor of the Rocky Mountain National Park Wilderness Act (H.R. 640), a bill to designate portions of the Rocky Mountain National Park in Colorado as wilderness. Representative Udall also offered an amendment to the Interior Appropriations bill that would have prohibited the use of federal funds to process road claims made under revised statute 2477, which some states are using to create thousands of routes across our western public land, including national parks and wilderness areas. Lastly, Representative Udall was the sponsor of the James Peak Wilderness and Protection Area Act (PL 107-216) which designated the 14,000 acre James Peak Wilderness and adjacent "Protection Area" in the Arapaho-Roosevelt National Forests in Colorado. The bill also made a 3,200-acre addition to the Indian Peaks Wilderness.

**CO Diana DeGette (D)** is the sponsor of the Colorado Canyon Wilderness Act (H.R. 2305), a bill that would designate almost 1.6 million acres of land in western Colorado as wilderness.

**CT Nancy Johnson (R)** is the lead cosponsor of legislation to designate the 1.5 million-acre coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge as wilderness (H.R. 770). Representative Johnson also sponsored an amendment to remove from the House version of the Energy bill (H.R. 6) a provision to allow oil drilling in the Arctic Refuge.

*Toulumne Meadows,  
Yosemite National Park, California*

Photograph courtesy of Jeff Widen

**CT Rosa DeLauro (D)** is the sponsor of the Alaska Rainforest Conservation Act (H.R. 979), a bill that would protect more than 11 million acres of the Tongass and Chugach National Forests through wilderness and other protective designations.

**CT Chris Shays (R)** is the sponsor of the Northern Rockies Ecosystem Protection Act (H.R. 1105), a bill that would designate wilderness areas and wild and scenic river corridors in Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming.

**MA Edward Markey (D)** is the sponsor of legislation to designate the 1.5 million-acre coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge as wilderness (H.R. 770). Representative Markey also sponsored an amendment to remove from the House version of the Energy bill (H.R. 6) a provision to allow oil drilling in the Arctic Refuge.

**NJ Rush Holt (D)** offered an amendment to the House Interior Appropriations Bill to codify in law a proposed rule that would phase out snowmobile use in Yellowstone National Park.

**NM Tom Udall (D)** is the sponsor of the Ojito Wilderness Act (H.R. 3176), a bill that would designate the 10,903-acre Ojito Wilderness northwest of Albuquerque. The measure would also allow certain adjacent land managed by the BLM to be taken into trust for the Pueblo of Zia to be managed in perpetuity as open space and subject to a number of conservation measures.

**NM Heather Wilson (R)** is the lead cosponsor of the Ojito Wilderness Act (H.R. 3176), a bill that would designate the approximately 10,903-acre Ojito Wilderness northwest of Albuquerque. The measure would also allow certain adjacent land managed by the BLM to be taken into trust for the Pueblo of Zia to be managed in perpetuity as open space and subject to a number of conservation measures.

**NY Maurice Hinchey (D)** is the sponsor of America's Red Rock Wilderness Act (H.R. 1796), a bill that would designate more than nine million acres of land managed by the Bureau of Land Management in Utah as wilderness.

**NY Sherwood Boehlert (R)** is the lead cosponsor of the Roadless Area Conservation Act (H.R. 2369), a bill that would ensure strong protection for America's remaining wild forests by codifying the Roadless Area Conservation Rule, which would protect 58.5 million acres of National Forest from logging and road construction.

**NY Carolyn Maloney (D)** is the lead cosponsor of the Northern Rockies Ecosystem Protection Act (H.R. 1105), a bill that would designate wilderness areas and wild and scenic river corridors in Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming.

**NV Jim Gibbons (R)** sponsored legislation in the 107th Congress called the Clark County Conservation of Public Land and Natural Resources Act of 2002 (PL 107-282). This bill designated more than 452,000 acres of wilderness in southern Nevada's Clark County. It also included provisions dealing with a range of recreation, development, and conservation issues on public lands in Nevada's Clark County.

**OR Peter DeFazio (D)** sponsored an amendment that would have mitigated many of the negative impacts of the so-called Healthy Forests Restoration Act (H.R. 1904).

**PR Aníbal Acevedo-Vila (D)** is the sponsor of the Caribbean National Forest Wilderness Act (H.R. 1723), a bill that would designate 10,000 acres of the Caribbean National Forest as the El Toro Wilderness Area.

**WA Jay Inslee (D)** is the sponsor of the Roadless Area Conservation Act (H.R. 2369), a bill that would ensure strong protection for America's remaining wild forests by codifying the Roadless Area Conservation Rule, which would protect 58.5 million acres of National Forest from logging and road construction.

**WA Rick Larsen (D)** is the sponsor of the Wild Sky Wilderness Act (H.R. 822), a bill that would designate 106,000 acres of wilderness in the Skykomish Valley in Washington's Mt. Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest.

**WI David Obey (D)** offered a motion to recommit the conference report of the Omnibus Appropriations bill (H. J. Res. 2) with instructions to remove the provisions that would prevent administrative or judicial review of the Tongass National Forest Land Management Plan, among other environmental riders.

# WILDERNESS FROM THE GROUND UP IN IDAHO

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Photograph courtesy of Lynn Stone

Forty years of wilderness history demonstrates that passing bills requires political support from the home-state delegation. While hard to achieve, local support, once gained, can be the determining factor in Congress. Today, wilderness advocates around the country are taking on the challenge of building support for wilderness from the ground up, working at the local level and over the long term to permanently protect the wild lands in their state or region.

Few states have faced a greater challenge than Idaho, with over ten million acres of unprotected

wild country. No Idaho wilderness bill has passed since Frank Church was a United States Senator over a generation ago. Now wilderness support is building, acre by acre, in discussions with a host of people with diverse interests.

Senator Mike Crapo (R-ID) is supporting collaborative negotiations concerning Idaho's Owyhee Canyonlands, where wilderness advocates are at the table with ranchers and other local leaders attempting to develop a conservation proposal that includes wilderness for the twisting canyons and expansive sagebrush-steppe.

Representative Mike Simpson (R-ID), joining a decades-long effort, is working to create another legislative solution that will designate wilderness in the Boulder and White Cloud Mountains and leverage other issues for the local rural economy.

Proponents of both efforts have major hurdles to cross before reaching Congress. However, both conservation endeavors demonstrate that effective wilderness leadership can begin at the grassroots level when advocates demonstrate that wild land protection complements local conservative values. We hope to see Wild Card votes on Idaho wilderness bills in the coming year.

*The American Wilderness Coalition seeks to expand and protect our National Wilderness Preservation System by providing complimentary resources and advocacy assistance to the many individuals and organizations involved in campaigns to protect additional wilderness areas today.*

*West Virginia*

Photograph courtesy of Jonathan Jessup

**Rapid Response Grants Program** - Since 2001, we have provided financial assistance for direct and grassroots lobbying and advocacy work to wilderness campaigns throughout the country. From Maine to California, the American Wilderness Coalition (AWC) has provided resources to nearly a dozen wilderness protection campaigns at key times to help advance their individual efforts.

**Wild Card** - AWC has also been at the forefront of monitoring the positions of Members of Congress on wilderness issues. In 2002, we released Wild Card – the first Wilderness Report Card, which provided analysis of key wilderness and public lands votes and positions taken by our elected officials. In 2004, AWC continues to offer this important resource with our second Wild Card report.

**The Wayburn Wilderness House** - AWC maintains and manages the Wayburn Wilderness House in Washington, D.C. The office houses seven wilderness groups including the Alaska Wilderness League, Campaign for America's

Wilderness, and the Southern Utah Wilderness Alliance. AWC assists visitors who use the Wayburn House and provides them with office space, phones, computers, and general office assistance. A wide range of visitors frequent the office, including staff from California Wild Heritage Campaign, the Gwich'in Steering Committee, and the Wild Washington Campaign. This office provides a foundation for the successful lobbying efforts of wilderness advocates throughout the country.

**Our Activist Development and Action Center** - Finally, AWC provides an online activism tool to generate grassroots support on wilderness issues. We maintain a list of online activists interested in wilderness protection, to whom we send action alerts. In 2002 and 2003, we helped generate tens of thousands of letters, faxes, emails, and phone calls to Congress and agencies, plus letters to the editor, on drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, protection of wilderness in the Tongass National Forest and in the Red Rock country of Utah, and many other issues.

**Your support is essential** - To continue to provide these invaluable resources to the wilderness community, AWC needs your help. Your donation to AWC will allow us to fund wilderness campaigns effectively, produce our third Wild Card, continue to manage the Wayburn Wilderness House, maintain the activist center, and expand our list of activists.

Support for AWC will enhance the overall capacity of the wilderness community to advocate for new wilderness protections and defend against attacks on our country's natural treasures.

*To make your contribution today, please use the enclosed envelope and make your check payable to the American Wilderness Coalition.*

American Wilderness Coalition  
122 C Street, NW, Suite 240  
Washington, DC 20001

Please note: Contributions to the American Wilderness Coalition are not tax deductible. Contributions from a 501(c)(3) organization to the American Wilderness Coalition must be counted toward the donor organization's grassroots lobbying budget.

*Boundary Waters Canoe  
Area Wilderness, Minnesota*

Photograph courtesy of Friends of the Boundary Waters Wilderness

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**Back Cover:** Wee Thump-Joshua Tree  
Forest Wilderness, Nevada  
Photograph Courtesy of Kevin Mack

